

Influence of Feedback Parameters on Resistance Control of Metal Nanowires by Stepwise Feedback-Controlled Electromigration

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➤ Introduction

- ◆ Fast Progress and Development of Nanoelectronics
 - Intensive Studies in Fundamental Physical Properties of Metallic Nanogaps [1]
- ◆ Electromigration Method for the Fabrication of Nanogaps
 - Simple Method Achieved by Only Passing a Current Through a Metal Nanowire [2]
 - Feedback-Controlled Electromigration (FCE) [3,4]

[1] K. I. Bolotin, et al., *Nano Lett.* 5 1685 (2005).

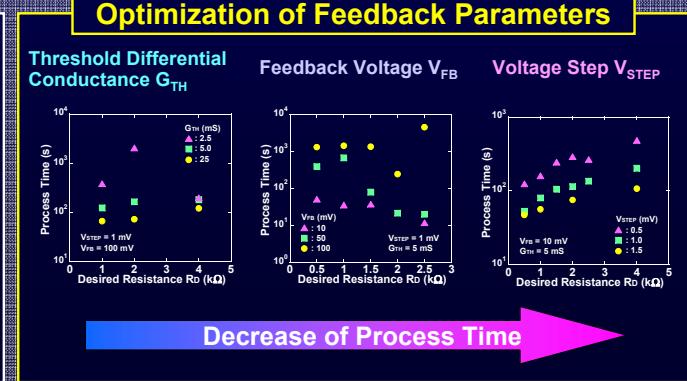
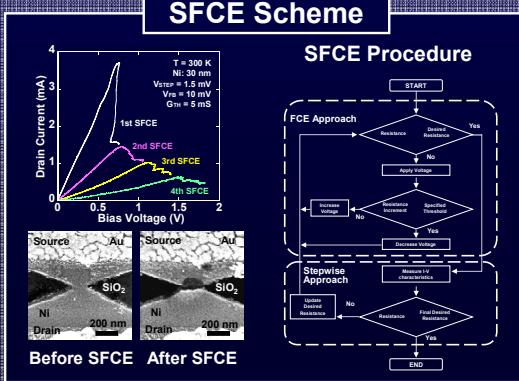
[2] H. Park, et al., *Appl. Phys. Lett.* 75 301(1999).

[3] D. R. Strachan, et al., *Appl. Phys. Lett.* 86 43109 (2005).

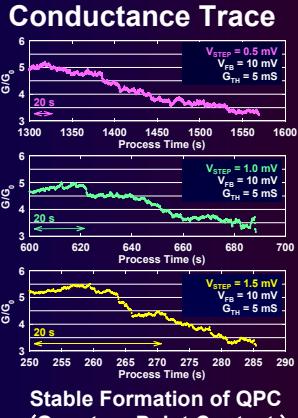
[4] K. Takahashi, et al., *J. Vac. Sci. Technol. B* 27 805 (2009).

A New Approach to Control The Resistance of Metal Nanowires @ Room Temperature

➤ Resistance Control by Stepwise Feedback-Controlled Electromigration (SFCE)

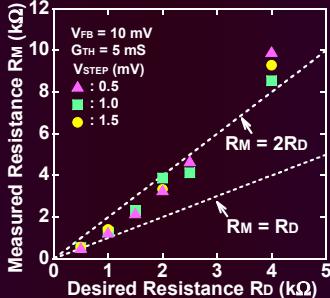


Resistance Control Using SFCE with Optimized Feedback Parameters

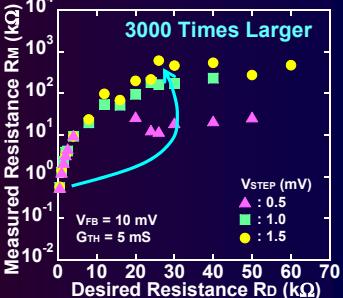


Stable Formation of QPC (Quantum Point Contact)

Controllability of SFCE



Control Range of SFCE



$R_D < 20 \text{ k}\Omega$: No Influence of V_{STEP} on the Channel Resistance

$R_D \geq 20 \text{ k}\Omega$: Formation of Tunnel Junction

High-Speed, Stable, and Wide-Range Control of Channel Resistance Using SFCE

➤ Conclusions

- ◆ Control of Channel Resistance of Metal Nanowires Using SFCE Process
 - Successful Resistance Control by Suppression of Excess Heating During Electromigration
- ◆ Optimization of Feedback Parameters of SFCE Scheme
 - Considerable Decrease of the Process Time of the SFCE Procedure
- ◆ Resistance Control Using SFCE with Optimized Feedback Parameters
 - No Degradation of the Controllability of the SFCE by Increase of V_{STEP}
 - Decrease of Process Time of SFCE Procedure in QPC Regime
 - Resistance Control from 200 (Metallic Regime) to 600 k (Tunneling Regime) for 20 Min